

# **Community Science Bird Monitoring** TRACY Community Science AVIARY Miller Bird Refuge Conservation CONTROL Date of the second 2022 Results



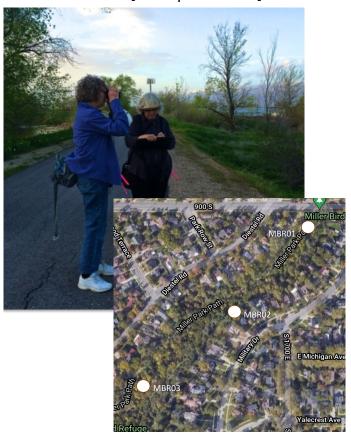
### STUDY GOALS

- 1) Collect data on the avian community to establish a baseline understand the birds that occur in the refuge
- 2) Determine how the bird community is changing over time
- 3) Provide recommendations for how the city and surrounding residence can enhance the bird habitat in the refuge



### BIRD SURVEY METHODS

Breeding Season Point Count Surveys (April – July)



Non-breeding Season Group Surveys (August – March)



Owl Surveys (February – May)





- 4 Breeding Season Surveys: 103 observations of 24 species
- 7 Non-Breeding Season Surveys: 286 observations of 31 species
- 2 Owl Surveys: 3 Western Screech Owls observations

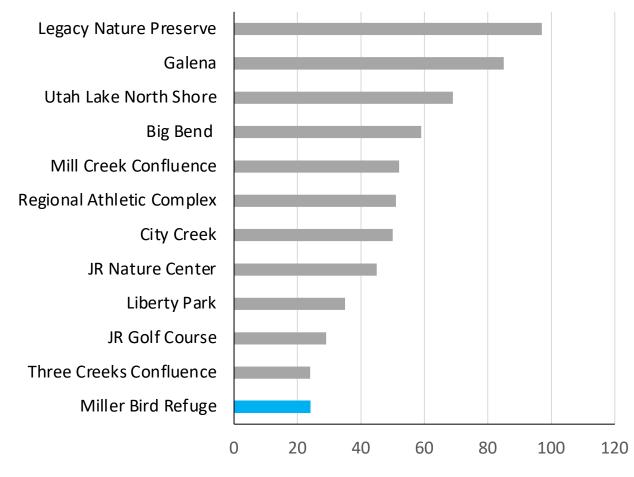


**39** total species during 2022 surveys, last year's data, plus eBird observations = **67** species currently known to use the site





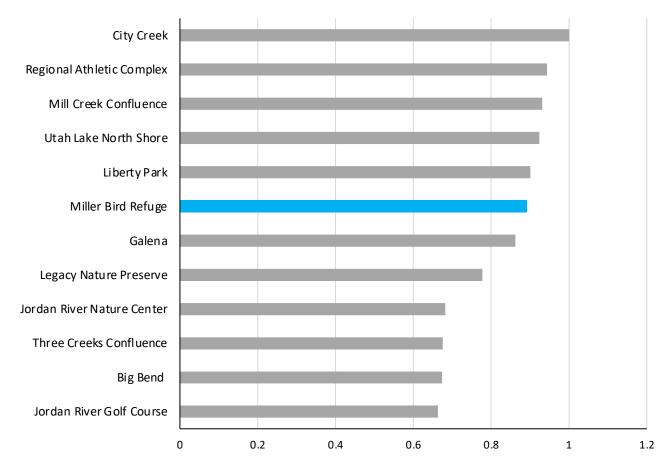
#### **Species Richness** (number of species detected)







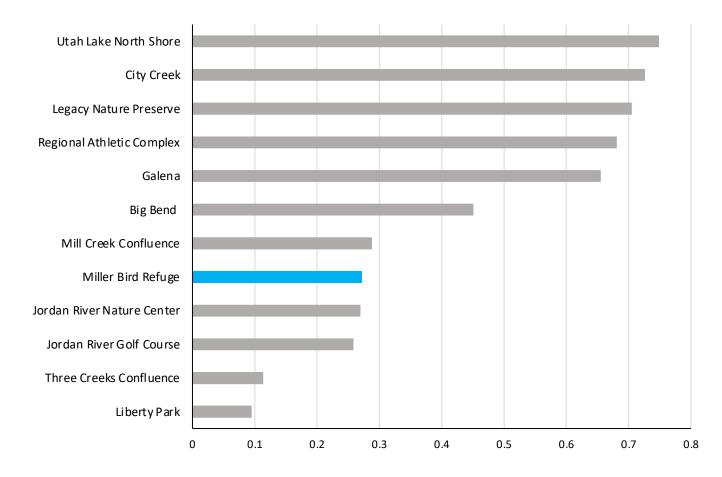
#### Native Birds (proportion of detections that are native species)







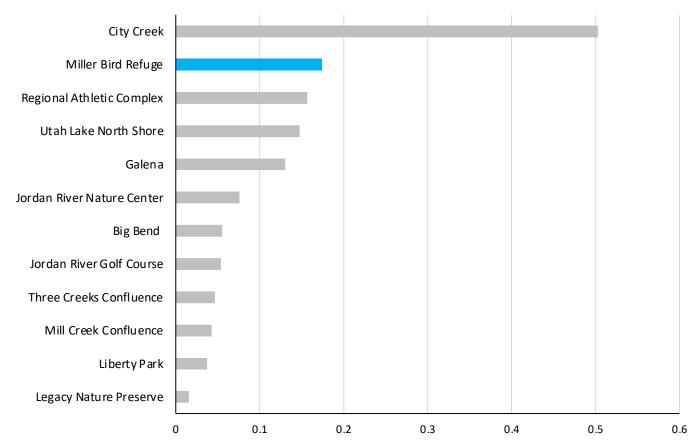
#### **Urban-sensitive Birds** (proportion of detections that are urban-sensitive)





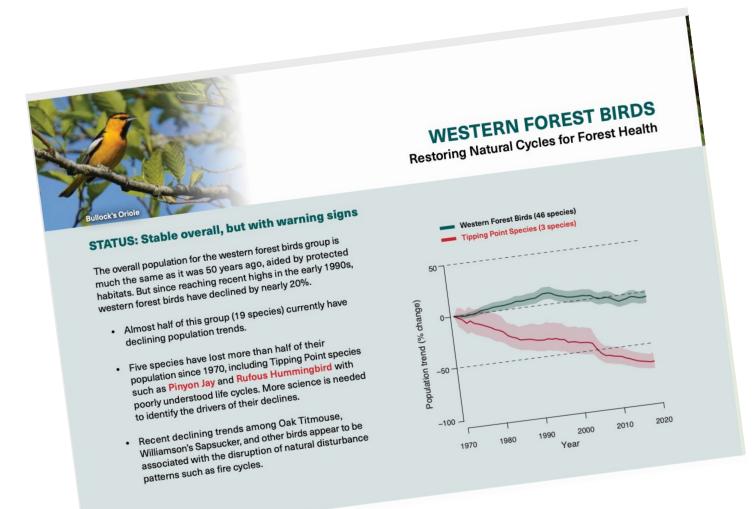


# Riparian-Associated (proportion of detections that birds who rely on riparian habitat for nesting)





# 2022 RESULTS – Larger Conservation Context





# 2022 RESULTS - Larger Conservation Context

#### **Broad-tailed Hummingbird**



- Using Miller as stopover habitat on way to higher elevation breeding area
- Declining; cumulative decline of 45% between 1966 and 2019
- Climate; less overlap with nectar sources, window strikes, collisions with cars



## 2022 RESULTS - Larger Conservation Context

### **Warbling Vireo**



- Using Miller as breeding habitat
- Stable populations
- Vulnerable to degradation to streamside habitat, window collisions



# 2022 RESULTS - Larger Conservation Context

### **Dark-eyed Junco**



- Using Miller as wintering habitat
- Declining; cumulative decline of 31% between 1966 and 2019
- Climate change, habitat loss, window collisions, cat predation



### HEALTH OF THE BIRD COMMUNITY

Factors that may influence population or habitat use trends for birds in the area:

- Local habitat conditions in the park
- Habitat conditions in the surrounding neighborhood
- The presence of other animals, especially non-native and domestic species
- Conditions at larger scales











# Enhance Miller Bird Refuge as Bird Habitat

- Keep dogs on leash and cats indoors
- Stay on designated trails
- Maintain bird-friendly yards and gardens in the surrounding neighborhood.
- Maintain water flow in the stream throughout the year
- Protect the vegetation immediately surrounding the stream
- Maintain vertical structure with a variety of native and/or desirable riparian vegetation at the site
- Any tree removal should be done outside of the breeding season (during mid-July - Feb), and in a phased manner rather than "clear-cutting" so large swaths of habitat are not removed all at once.

Join Tracy Aviary's Community Science Team! tracyaviaryconservation.org/slcbirding email: conservation@tracyaviary.org

